# Demystifying Evaluation of Environmental and Policy Change Strategies



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Environmental and policy change (EPC) strategies are prevention strategies that aim to improve policies, systems, and environments to promote health





# **Presentation Overview**

- 1. Why evaluate?
- 2. Evaluation logic model
- 3. EPC as an outcome
- 4. EPC as an intervention
- 5. Tools and resources

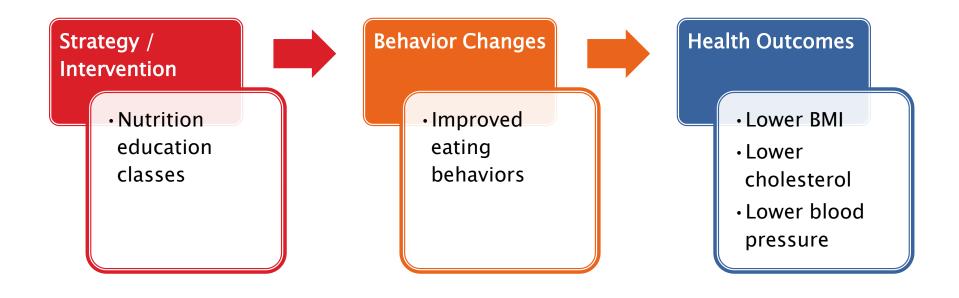
# Why Evaluate?



- Opportunity for learning
- To improve strategic efforts
- To promote sustainability
- To be accountable to funders

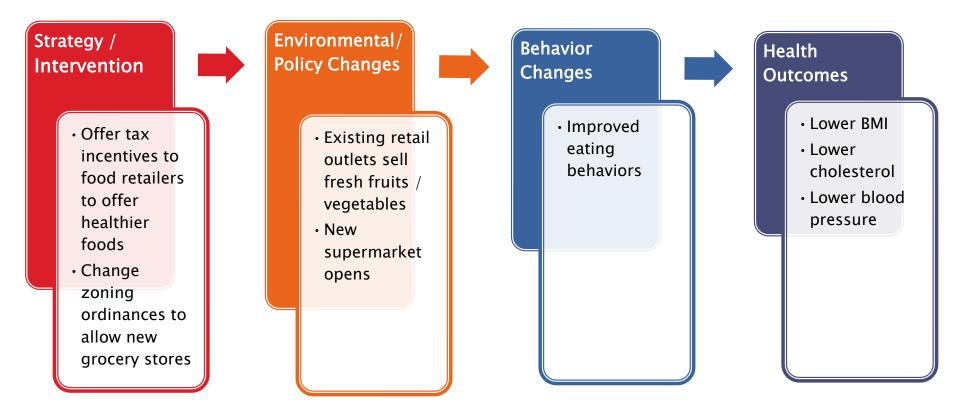
# **Traditional Program Evaluation**

Logic Model

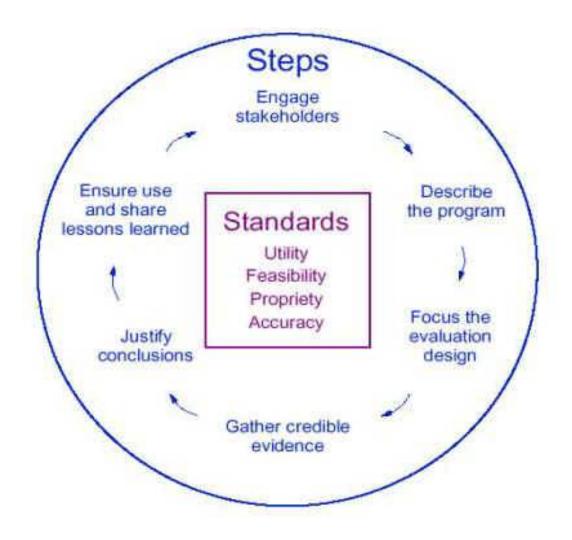


# **EPC** Evaluation

#### Logic Model



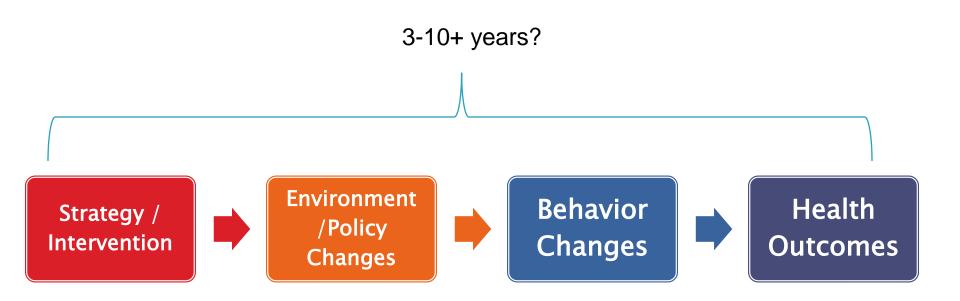
# **CDC Evaluation Framework**



Evaluation steps are universal to all types of evaluation, including environmental and policy change strategies

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Framework for Program Evaluation in Public Health. MMWR 1999;48(No. RR-11).

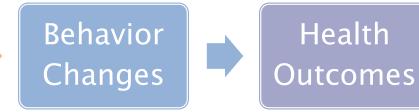
### **Focusing EPC Evaluation**



# **Focusing EPC Evaluation**



Strategy / Intervention Environment /Policy Changes

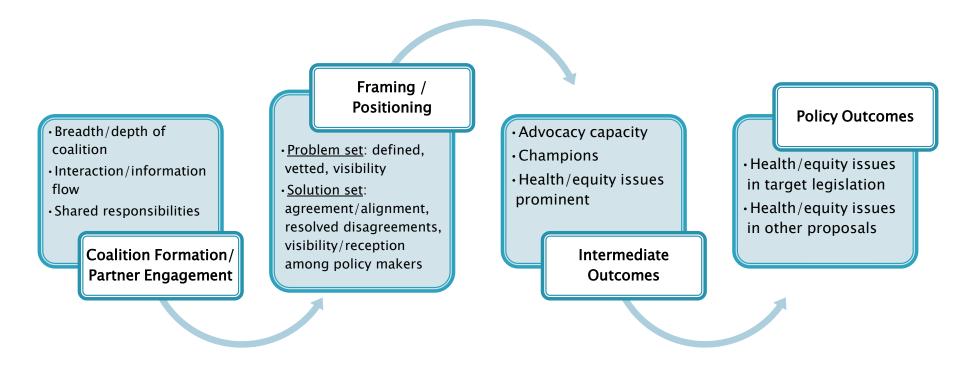


- What environmental and policy changes were achieved?
- What milestones were achieved along the way?
- Were partners engaged across multiple fields and sectors?
- Were strategies targeted to highest need/priority areas?

# When EPC is the Outcome

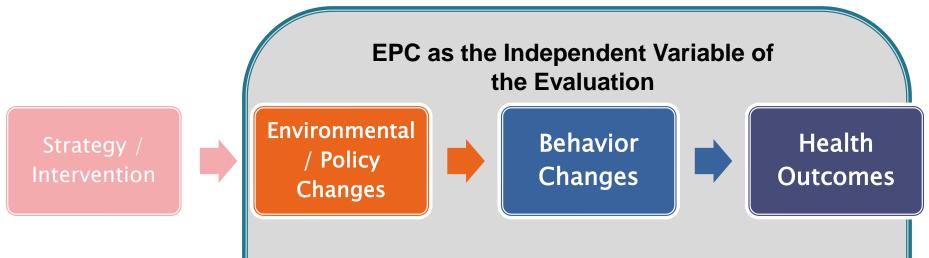
- Don't limit yourself to all or none outcomes
- Articulate <u>intermediate milestones</u> for demonstrating progress
- Every process is different
- Document <u>stories</u>, challenges, & lessons learned
- Examine quality and nature of <u>multi-field</u> <u>partnerships</u>

# **Policy Change Domains**





# **Focusing EPC Evaluation**



- Was the policy fully implemented/enforced?
- Was the policy uniformly implemented across multiple settings (schools, worksite, daycare settings)?
- Did EPC correspond to changes in behavior or health outcomes?
- Did EPC reach high priority populations?

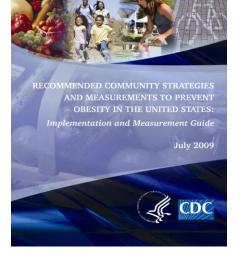
# When EPC is the Intervention

- Measuring policy implementation and enforcement can be time and resource intensive
- Define your target population
- Take advantage of existing data sources
- Focus on <u>contribution</u> rather than attribution
- Don't expect big changes from one intervention – use a <u>comprehensive</u> approach

#### The Measures Project (aka COCOMO)

Purpose: 24 EPC strategies and measures for local governments

http://www.cdc.gov/obesity/re commendations.html



#### The Change Tool

#### **Bridging the Gap**

Purpose: to improve the understanding of how policies and environmental factors affect diet, physical activity and obesity among youth, as well as youth tobacco use.

www.bridgingthegapresearch.org

Purpose: Community assessment provides snapshot of local policy, systems, and environmental change strategies currently in place

http://www.cdc.gov/healthycom munitiesprogram/tools

# **Key Points**

- Evaluation is an opportunity for learning
- Fundamental evaluation steps apply to EPC strategies
- Match your outcome expectations with your timeline
- Build intermediate milestones into your evaluation design (not all or none outcomes)
- Focus on contribution rather than attribution
- Tell your story!

## **Contact Information**

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